

INTERNAL AUDIT REPORT



OAKHAM ENTERPRISE PARK 2015/16

Issue Date:	12th January 2016	Issued	Paul Phillipson – Director for Places	
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OAKHAM ENTERPRISE PARK EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. INTRODUCTION & OVERALL OPINION

Oakham Enterprise Park (OEP) is a 25 acre business park that offers businesses affordable office, storage and industrial premises for rent. The Council purchased the site in December 2012 and put in place a business plan which anticipated that by April 2015 it would be generating rental income of £190,500. The main project targets were to have 103,000 sqft of business space made available to market, to have let 77,000 sqft of remediated business space, to have created or safeguarded 250 new jobs and supported 35 businesses all by 2018/19. Currently around 96,000 sqft has been let which excludes external areas and the Events Zone. More than 90 tenants currently have leases at OEP and progress towards other targets are good with 24 start-up businesses being supported to date and an estimated 150 jobs created or safeguarded at the site. An accurate employment survey is proposed early 2016 now that the site is approaching capacity.

Since opening for business, the demand for the site has been exceeded expectations with existing local businesses and new businesses to Rutland requiring units, often even before they were finished. In September 2013, the Council appointed an OEP business manager and the park is currently at more than 98% capacity and continues to expand with a total revenue projection of £404k in 2015/16 increasing to over £530k total budgeted income for 2016/17 and these figures exclude any additional income from business rates. The wider economy, especially the tourism sector has benefitted from side-line activities such as filming at the site and it's financial success has led to the Council being shortlisted for an LGC award for 'Entrepreneurial Council of The Year'.

The pace of change has been such that the systems underpinning its operation have been developed alongside ongoing activity. The Council recognises that robust systems need to be put in place and in this context, the Director requested a review which was supported by the Audit & Risk Committee. Assurance was sought from the Audit review that lease agreements are commercially viable, subject to a robust tenancy application process and that income due from tenants is suitably recovered.

Internal Audit recognises that the Council has taken positive steps to improve the controls over the tenancy application process for prospective tenants at Oakham Enterprise Park. Tenants' credit, trade reference, age (to ensure they are over 18 and thus legally entitled to hold a lease) & citizenship checks have recently been introduced and any new lease agreements are now independently reviewed by an Estates Surveyor to ensure they are accurate and commercially viable prior to them being forwarded to Legal Services.

An internal audit review of a sample of ten units highlighted that controls over the administration of tenancy applications and pre-tenancy checks were found to be limited in places and not fully embedded. Credit checks, trade reference checks and identification verification did not take place for all tenants within the audit sample and 50% of tenants did not complete a tenancy application form.

Lease agreements were available for 90% of the sample and included key areas such as rent charged, details of any break clauses, length of term, renewal rights, service charges, repair obligations and subletting arrangements. However rent review arrangements and rent deposit information were inconsistently documented and lacking suitable audit trails. In addition, lease agreements could not be located for one tenant, who occupies two units.

Tenants were found to be invoiced accurately and timely in accordance with the terms agreed in the lease and market rental values. Rental income is recovered in a structured, timely manner and payments plans have been put into place where required. However, on occasions it was noted that cash payments are received directly at the OEP site rather





than through customer services. This handling of cash and

an insufficient audit trail could potentially expose the Council to an increased risk of fraud and should be avoided in future. This has already been addressed and rent is only accepted by cheque or BACS with most tenants now paying by standing order.

The audit was carried out in accordance with the agreed Audit Planning Record (APR). It is the Auditor's Opinion that the current overall design and operation of controls provides **Limited Assurance**, as summarised below:

Internal Audit Assurance Opinion	Direction of Travel				
Limited Assurance		N/A			
Risk	Design	Comply	Reco	ommenda	tions
			Н	M	L
Risk 1: Lease agreements are not commercially viable,	Sufficient	Limited	1	0	3
possibly leading to financial losses and reputational damage.	Assurance	Assurance			
Risk 2: Inadequate tenancy application process, leading to	Sufficient	Limited	2	0	2
potential fraud and financial losses.	Assurance	Assurance			
Risk 3: Increase in bad debt due to insufficient income	Substantial	Sufficient	1	0	0
monitoring and recovery.	Assurance	Assurance			
Total Number of Recommendations			4	0	5

2. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Risk 1: Lease agreements are not commercially viable, possibly leading to financial losses and reputational damage.

Chartered Surveyors (Innes England) carried out valuations on Oakham Enterprise Park in March 2013 and were asked to provide open market rental values for the units proposed to be offered as business units. The council was provided with an open market rental figure and a marketing figure. For office spaces a price of £7-£8 per square foot was recommended and for a workshop/studio a rate of £3-£4 per square meter was recommended. All ten units sampled by Internal Audit had been given a rental price that was within the guidelines provided by Innes England. Further analysis highlighted on occasions that units may be charged lower than the recommend rates due to market conditions and the condition of the unit, in examples reviewed this was suitably justified.

A Heads of Terms letter or document sets out the key commercial terms that parties intend to incorporate in a binding agreement. The Heads of Terms set out the basis for negotiating a subsequent longer form agreement and are often useful in establishing what will and will not be included in any future agreement. Just one unit from a sample of ten had a heads of term document, highlighting that the requirements for a Heads of Terms document have not yet been established or are unclear. **Recommendation 2 addresses this issue.**

A process has recently been introduced whereby an Estates Surveyor independently reviews all lease agreements prior to finalising. It was noted that none of the ten leases included in sample testing during the audit had been independently reviewed. Furthermore, fully signed certified copies of leases could only be found for 60% of the sample. Of leases reviewed, 30% had not been signed by the Council or signed copies were not available for review and a lease agreement could not be located for Unit 11a and Unit 1, both of which are occupied by the same tenant. **Recommendations 1 and 3 address these issues.**

Of the nine leases reviewed by Internal Audit, key details such as the rent charged, details of any break clauses, length of term, renewal rights, service charges, repair obligations and subletting arrangements were all documented and included in the agreements. Details relating to rent review arrangements and rent deposits were not always documented in leases. **Recommendation 4 addresses this issue.**





Risk 2: Inadequate tenancy application process, leading

to potential fraud and financial losses.

Positive steps have been taken to develop and document procedures for the tenancy application process. Process maps covering applications for tenancy and the payment recovery process have been developed, however they could be further enhanced by including responsible officers and including more detailed steps such as lease approvals, identification verification, Heads of Terms and rent deposits. **Recommendation 5 addresses this issue.**

All potential tenants are required to complete and sign a tenancy application form. Of the ten units sampled by Internal Audit, only 50% had completed and signed an application form. Should there be more than one applicant for a vacant unit, the tenancy would be offered by the OEP Manager based on his judgement, taking into account that the Council is encouraging new/start-up businesses. If an unsuccessful tenant was to raise a dispute over a tenancy application, the Council would not have a sufficient audit trail to justify their decision. **Recommendation 6 addresses this issue.**

Pre-tenancy checks such as the verification of tenant identity, performing credit checks and checking trade references had not been conducted for any of the ten units in the selected sample. Internal Audit recognise that steps have been put in place to ensure that credit checks and trade references are carried out going forward, however it is also important to confirm the identity of all tenants to reduce the risk of money laundering and potential fraud. **Recommendation 7 addresses this issue.**

It is considered best practice for Officers involved in the management of commercial lettings to be suitably training in fraud awareness as well as bribery and corruption and money laundering. Counter fraud awareness has been covered in the Corporate Induction since 2013; however the OEP Business Manager has not received this training. Whilst the Council has a documented money laundering protocol, it is currently not mandatory to read the document and there has been no awareness training on money laundering or bribery and corruption in recent years. **Recommendation 8 addresses this issue.**

Risk 3: Increase in bad debt due to insufficient income monitoring and recovery.

OEP tenants are invoiced one month in advance for rental and service charge payments. Nine units within a sample of ten were invoiced accurately for the 2015/16 rental period and in accordance with lease agreements. A lease agreement could not be provided for one unit in the sample (Unit 11a) and therefore Internal Audit was unable to verify that the rent charged was accurate.

The recovery of rental income is carried out in accordance with the Council's Financial Procedure Rules. Overdue debt is discussed monthly between the Exchequer Team Leader and the OEP Business Manager. At the time of the audit, fifteen accounts were overdue, totalling £22,421. Appropriate action is being taken to recover the debt and payment plans have been put into place where appropriate.

Suitable segregation of duties exists between the setting of rent, creation of leases and collection of income, however it was highlighted during the audit that on rare occasions, cash is accepted by staff at the OEP site office rather than the customer taking the cash directly to customer services. This practice together with the lack of audit trail for rent deposits creates a significant fraud risk to the Council. Internal Audit note that where it could be seen that cash was accepted on site, a receipt was later emailed to the tenant and cash was posted to the correct tenant account. **Recommendation 9 addresses this issue.**





Rental deposits were not consistently requested from

earlier tenants, however this is now considered to be a requirement going forward. Of the ten units sampled by Internal Audit, eight units were charged a deposit according to an electronic record held by the OEP Business Manager. Receipts could be found for seven deposits and six payments were correctly charged to the Council's holding account (BZ534) within the Council's finance system (Agresso). One payment for £1,000 had been incorrectly posted to account R9322 and has now been transferred to the correct account. A receipt or finance entry could not be found for a deposit payment of £521 for unit 11a. In this instance there was also no lease agreement or rental deposit deed available for review, therefore it is unclear as to whether a deposit was actually charged or received. Such lack of audit trail puts the Council at greater risk of potential fraud. **Recommendation 4 addresses this issue.**

3. LIMITATIONS TO THE SCOPE OF THE AUDIT

This is an assurance piece of work and an opinion is provided on the effectiveness of arrangements for managing only the risks specified in the Audit Planning Record. The Auditor's work does not provide any guarantee against material errors, loss or fraud. It does not provide absolute assurance that material error, loss or fraud does not exist.

This audit did not include a review of the management and funding of the OEP project or health and safety legislation compliance for commercial properties and communal areas.





ACTION PLAN

Rec No.	ISSUE	RECOMMENDATION	Management Comments	Priority	Officer Responsible	Due date
1	A clear audit trail for lease review and approvals could not be found for all units within the audit sample.	The Property Manager should ensure that all lease agreements for the Oakham Enterprise Park are independently reviewed by the Estates Surveyor prior to signing to ensure there are no errors and they are commercially viable. A suitable audit trail for the review process should be kept on file.	In place	Low	Director - Places (D & E)	Complete
2	Of the units reviewed during the audit, 90% did not have a Heads of Terms document. Whilst heads of terms are not a legal requirement, they set out the key commercial terms for a lease and could minimise the risk of errors and disputes, particularly for longer lease agreements.	The Council should determine under what circumstances a Heads of Terms should be required depending on the size/type of unit that is being let This should be documented within the OEP process maps. Copies of all Heads of Terms should be saved in the appropriate unit folder on the shared network for reference and audit purposes.	In place	Low	Director - Places (D & E)	Complete





Rec	ISSUE	RECOMMENDATION	Management	Priority	Officer	Due date
No. 3	From a sample of ten units, internal audit identified the	The OEP Business Manager should work with	Comments	Low	Responsible Director -	Complete
	following:	the legal department to ensure that there is	iii piace	LOW	Places (D	Complete
	Tollowing.	a signed lease agreement on file for all			& E)	
	- 30% of the leases were not signed and sealed by the	currently let units within the Oakham				
	Council or copies were not available for review.	Enterprise Park.				
	- One lease agreement (Unit 11a) was not available					
	for review during the audit. Further review	Originals should be held in the Council safe				
	highlighted that a lease was also not available for	and certified copies scanned on to the				
	Unit 1 which is occupied by the same tenant.	Council network and saved in the appropriate folder.				
	Without a signed lease it could be more difficult to	Tolder.				
	resolve any tenant/landlord disputes.					
4	Rent review arrangements and rent deposits are not	Rental deposits and rent review	All future leases	High	Director -	01/11/15
	clearly stated in lease agreements.	arrangements should be detailed in all lease		111611	Places (D	01/11/13
	, ,	agreements.	statement and/or		& E) `	
	From a sample of ten units, the following was		procedure			
	highlighted:	A rent deposit deed should be completed for	" "			
	- Two leases referred to a schedule 5 for rent	all deposits and evidence should be retained	reviews			
	reviews, however a schedule 5 did not exist and one	on file.				
	lease did not state any rent review arrangements.	The Council should consider developing a	A shooklist will be			21 /02 /16
	- Five leases did not state arrangements for rent deposits, despite the tenant being charged a	The Council should consider developing a checklist to ensure that all tenancy				31/03/16
	deposits, despite the tenant being charged a	documentation has been obtained and saved				
	- It was unclear whether one deposit with a value of		relevant			
	£521 had been charged or received due to an		documentation is			
	insufficient audit trail.		included within the			
			property file			
	Unclear landlord and tenant roles and responsibilities,					
	can lead to potential disputes, reputational damage and					
	a lack of audit trail leaves the process open to abuse and risk of fraud.					





Rec No.	ISSUE	RECOMMENDATION	Management Comments	Priority	Officer Responsible	Due date
5	Whilst current process maps outline the steps the Council will take regarding tenancy applications and income collection, it does not provide details on who will carry out these tasks and some key steps in the processes are missing. There is a risk that key controls are not followed and staff do not know how to perform their roles and responsibilities leading to non-compliance and inconsistences in working practices.	The current process maps for the tenancy application process and payment recovery should be revised to include details of responsible officers and also to include controls over lease reviews, ID checks and Heads of Terms.		Low	Director - Places (D & E)	31/03/16
6	A Tenancy Application Form was not completed for 50% of tenants in the audit sample. Furthermore, a formal, documented, transparent selection process for multiple tenants does not currently exist. The Council would not be able to demonstrate how a tenant was selected if a tenancy was disputed.	Formal criteria for receiving, assessing and selecting tenancy applications should be determined. A signed application form must be completed for all prospective tenants as it gives the tenant's consent for the Council to carry out credit searches and records permanently the tenant's declaration as to identity, accommodation, references and personal details		High	Director - Places (D & E)	31/3/16
7	Current processes outline that credit checks and trade references should be carried out on new tenants however out of the ten units reviewed by Internal audit, none of the tenants had been subject to such checks. Furthermore, it is not current procedure to verify identification of the tenants. Without the processes in place to carry out appropriate tenant checks, the Council is at risk of potential fraudulent activities which could result in financial and/or reputational damage.	Pre tenancy checks should be carried out on all prospective tenants at the OEP. Checks should include but not be limited to the following: • ID verification • Credit checks • Trade references Documentary evidence of these checks should be retained on file.	introduced as part of the standard	High	Director - Places (D & E)	29/1/16





Rec No.	ISSUE	RECOMMENDATION	Management Comments	Priority	Officer Responsible	Due date
8	The Business Manager for OEP has not received awareness training on fraud, bribery and corruption or money laundering in recent years.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	team have advised	Low	Director - Places (D & E)	31/3/16
	Staff involved in the management of commercial lettings may not have the skills and information to detect and prevent potential fraudulent activities.		However, the Governance team are working on some online training to be available soon.			





Rec No.	ISSUE	RECOMMENDATION	Management Comments	Priority	Officer Responsible	Due date
9	It was identified during the audit that occasionally cash or cheque payments from tenants are received at the Oakham Enterprise Park site and taken to customer services by the OEP Manager. This leaves the Council vulnerable to fraud risk and open to abuse.	Cash or cheques should not be accepted at the Oakham Enterprise Park. Tenants should be advised to take all cash and cheque payments to Customer Services. If the Council chose to accept cash and cheque payments on site the following controls must be implemented: - Policies and procedures for the handling of cash should be documented, - All cash should be held in a secure safe with restricted access, - The maximum amount of cash held on site must be covered by the Council's insurance policy, - All income received must be recorded and reconciled to the income received, - The person receiving income must not be the OEP Business Manager, - Receipts should be issued for all income received and a suitable audit trail retained.		High	Director - Places (D & E)	Complete





GLOSSARY

The Auditor's Opinion

The Auditor's Opinion for the assignment is based on the fieldwork carried out to evaluate the design of the controls upon which management relay and to establish the extent to which controls are being complied with. The table below explains what the opinions mean.

Level	Design of Control Framework	Compliance with Controls	
	There is a robust framework of	Controls are applied continuously and	
SUBSTANTIAL	controls making it likely that service	consistently with only infrequent minor	
	objectives will be delivered.	lapses.	
	The control framework includes key	Controls are applied but there are lapses	
SUFFICIENT	controls that promote the delivery of	and/or inconsistencies.	
	service objectives.		
	There is a risk that objectives will not	There have been significant and	
LIMITED	be achieved due to the absence of	extensive breakdowns in the application	
	key internal controls.	of key controls.	
	There is an absence of basic controls	The fundamental controls are not being	
NO	which results in inability to deliver	operated or complied with.	
	service objectives.		

Category of Recommendations

The Auditor prioritises recommendations to give management an indication of their importance and how urgent it is that they be implemented. By implementing recommendations made managers can mitigate risks to the achievement of service objectives for the area(s) covered by the assignment.

Priority	Impact & Timescale				
HIGH	Management action is imperative to ensure that the objectives for the area un				
	review are met.				
MEDIUM	Management action is required to avoid significant risks to the achievement				
	objectives.				
LOW	Management action will enhance controls or improve operational efficiency.				